

Knoxville Chronicle.

VOL. III.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1872.

NO. 117.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Hon. J. M. Langston Speaks to an Immense Audience.

Special to the Chronicle.]

NASHVILLE, Sept. 19, 1872.

Hon. J. M. Langston is addressing an immense crowd and Wilson meeting on the court house square—double the number that there were at the Johnson meeting a few weeks since. The crowd is perfectly orderly.

[We should have received the foregoing in time for our last issue, but from some unexplained cause it was delayed, and not received at the Knoxville office until after 8 o'clock yesterday morning.—EDITHS CHRONICLE.]

HOME NEWS.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 20.—President Grant remained at the residence of ex-Governor Ward last night. This morning he is quietly visiting the Exposition and viewing the objects which the crowd of last night prevented his seeing. The President will leave for Long Branch this afternoon. He expects to return to Washington with his family early next week.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The journeyman carpenters of Chicago will demand four dollars a day after next Monday.

It is believed that the disturbance in Pope county, Arkansas, is quieted.

Capt. Charles Kinsey, a clerk in the St. Louis postoffice, was arrested under the charge of stealing stamps.

The city of Philadelphia has been swindled out of over \$20,000 by the abstraction of city bonds from the treasury. Two women were arrested.

DETROIT, Sept. 21.—A fire at Grand Rapids this morning destroyed the National Hotel. Loss, \$30,000.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows decides that "when the disabilities are removed for which a subordinate lodge is suspended, and said lodge resumes the exercise of its various functions, the officers and members occupy the same status they did before the suspension; but when a defunct lodge has been resuscitated on the application of only a part of its members, those members only are restored to office, and the other members who were in good standing may resume membership upon such terms as the local laws of the jurisdiction may prescribe.

POLITICAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The Tammany committee have resolved to reorganize certain wards, including Tweed's, to secure a unanimity for Greeley and Brown.

A. T. Stewart declines the New York Mayoralty candidature.

The New York State Executive Committee of the Straight Democrats to-day issued an address to the people of the State, appealing to them to support the Louisville nominees, and calling a State Convention, to meet at Albany, October 3d, to nominate an electoral ticket.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Greeley, at Pittsburgh yesterday, made a speech, opening thus: "Fellow citizens—The wise King says: 'There is a time for war and a time for peace.' The city of Pittsburgh has recently witnessed a rehearsal of the pomp and pageantry, the blazonry and circumstance of civil war. A very large number of men were collected here at vast expense, for the single purpose of rekindling the bitterness and hatred, the animosity and antipathies, the fears and exultations of civil war, for the advantage of a political party."

The City Council of Louisville have adopted a joint resolution inviting Greeley there.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Sept. 20.—Mr. Greeley arrived here at ten o'clock this morning and was received by a large crowd of citizens, whom he is now addressing. He will reach Cincinnati at 2:45 o'clock this evening.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The President visited the New Jersey State Fair yesterday, and in the evening the Newark Industrial Exhibition, at the Rink in that city. He made no speech at either place, though one was expected.

Delano has gone to Ohio campaigning.

The payment of November interest commences Monday with rebate.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—During a thunder storm yesterday, lightning struck a mill in Littleborough, Lancashire, and killed four women. Several other operatives were injured.

DUBLIN, Sept. 20.—The meeting to protest against the occupation of Rome, advertised some days ago, has been indefinitely postponed for some unexplained cause.

ROME, Sept. 19.—The eldest brother of the Pope is dead.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The Council of Ministers held a protracted meeting to-day, for the purpose of considering measures to secure public tranquility on the 22d of September, anniversary of the establishment of the first republic. Thiers presided over the meeting.

Diplomatic notes have been exchanged between France and Germany concerning the arrest of Edmund About.

For Fine Cigars.

Go to PETER RITTER, who constantly keeps for sale the best brands in the market, such as Colossus, First Love, Partagas, La Gloria, the celebrated Cindrella, &c., &c. Also a good little cigar at 5 cents—can't be beat.

Important for Ladies.

All kinds of furs repaired, renovated, and altered in the best and latest styles by an experienced European furrier. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Inquire at T. M. Scheller's Photographic Gallery.

For Rent.

A comfortable house with nine rooms, good cistern, &c. Apply at this office.

Dr. P. H. Cardwell's

Dental Office, West Side Market Square, front room, Meier's building, up stairs, north of P. Kern's.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

OF THE Methodist Episcopal Church in the South.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

The convention assembled at the M. E. Church at the appointed hour. Rev. N. G. Taylor, President, in the chair. The meeting opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Lowery, of Ohio, after which the minutes of yesterday afternoon were read and approved.

An elaborate essay was read by Prof. P. C. Wilson, on the subject of "One Central University for the Methodist Episcopal Church in the South," which was able and exhaustive.

The subject was discussed in all its bearings by Rev. N. G. Taylor, Dr. Inskip, of New York, Messrs. McDonald, of Boston, Edmondson, of the Tennessee Conference, Emery, Richards, Dr. Cobleigh, and Rev. J. A. Hyden.

The entire morning session was occupied in discussing this topic.

At 12 m. the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The President called the convention to order and Dr. Cobleigh led in prayer. The minutes of the morning session approved.

The further discussion of the subject before the convention in the morning session, taking ground in favor of a Central University. Professors Milburn, Spence, and Dean, also joined in the discussion, taking the affirmative of the issue. These gentlemen took hold of the objections which might be urged and disposed of them in a thoughtful manner.

Prof. Wilson, chairman of the Business Committee, read several resolutions expressive of the sense of the convention in response to the importance of the work, and the steps that should be taken, which after considerable discussion and some changes and amendments were adopted at a late hour in the afternoon.

The subject of common schools and their relation to the work of the M. E. Church in the South was discussed by Rev. J. A. Hyden, Prof. Milburn and others in an able and interesting manner.

The convention, on motion, tendered thanks to the families who had so kindly entertained the delegates also to the Trustees of the church, and to Rev. J. B. Ford, the pastor, for his kindness, and to the President and Secretaries of the convention for their efficient services.

The able and elaborate essay read by Prof. Wilson, in the morning session, which created so much discussion, is to be laid before the readers of the *Methodist Advocate*. It will pay a careful perusal.

The convention then adjourned, the session having been very harmonious.

The Missouri Valley Life Insurance Company.

We find this worthy institution among us represented by one of its managers of agencies, Mr. John V. Ryan, who is endeavoring to establish a department office of his company in our city, to be managed by our own citizens, thereby giving us all the advantages to be derived from an independent or local company.

We have carefully investigated the plans of this company, and its claims upon our people, and our hearty endorsement can be found in the following editorial, which we find in the *Christian Observer*, published at Louisville, Kentucky, July 27th:

LIFE INSURANCE.

Persons proposing to make provision for their families through the medium of life insurance seek three conditions: first, definiteness as to the amount that is to be secured to their family; second, security that it will certainly be paid when due; and third, the largest returns for the money invested that are consistent with safety.

A company whose card appears on another page, combines these three qualifications, to as great an extent as any whose claims we have examined.

We have been very favorably impressed as to the reputation of the directors of the Missouri Valley Life Insurance Company, as men of sterling integrity and financial ability. Their acting manager in Louisville is a gentleman of experience in the insurance business, who is careful to make no promises that the company cannot fully redeem.

The financial soundness of the company, its understanding of the claims for a good many swindling operations, when companies are under the management of unscrupulous men—the "part loan" system, is not countenanced by this company. Its policies are carefully worded to protect the rights of the insured, under the contract, no less scrupulously than the rights of the company. They are free from technicalities, under which we have known a New York company to seek to evade the performance of its contract.

The directors of the Missouri Valley Life Insurance Company are registered with the State Treasurer, and the faith of a commonwealth pledged for the performance of the company's pledges to the insured. Even if the company ceases to exist, the insurance is still certain, or rather, as certain as payment of State bonds. The investments of Eastern companies are generally made at six or seven per cent; this one being located in the West, can invest with equal security, where its means will command ten or twelve per cent interest; and while its security is unequalled, it certainly can without a doubt give insurance at a much less cost than any other company.

The Pardoning Business.

The Memphis *Appeal*, for the edification of ex-President Johnson and his friends, writes up the pardoning business, for which Mr. Johnson was noted, as follows:

The war while it raged was a grand tragedy; but the pardoning business was a ridiculous farce, a shabby afterpiece, in which Andrew Johnson played the harlequin and his victims the fools. There was no necessity for the pardons that were bestowed by the pardons that were bestowed with as much grace and pomposity as if they gave the recipient a passport to heaven. To see the talent, learning and wealth of the South hanging around the Executive Mansion, like patients before the door of a leper-house, was indeed a humiliating spectacle. The applicants hung their heads in shame, and Johnson laughed in his sleeve. As many as a thousand "penitents" were often seen lounging around the White House at one time, asking for pardons, and when they saw a fresh hack-load coming, they felt that inward joy which small pox patients are said to feel when they hear a new cart-load dumped out into the hospital yard.

Boiling out Executive clemency in broken down conduct, a "strictly retail business" in mercy, instead of adding dignity and grandeur to the pardoning power by general amnesty so soon as the war closed, was the cardinal error of Andrew Johnson.

The terms which he exacted were mean, niggardly and parsimonious. He made degrading conditions, in order to bring all the talent and wealth of the South to his support. At an average cost of about two hundred dollars each, thousands of men

rushed to Washington to secure their pardons, which, after given them, printed on gilt-edge paper all befrilled with ribbons and stamped with great seals, were not worth the dirty rags out of which the paper was made.

AFFAIRS AT PHILADELPHIA.

Church Dedication—Baptist House Begun—Picnic—Serious Accident, &c.

Mr. J. R. Sparks, the obliging agent of the railroad company at this place, returned from Chattanooga yesterday in company with a beautiful girl of seventeen summers, whom he has been sparking a long time and has at last made Mrs. Sparks.

Madam rumor says that there is to be an end to the lovelessness of a certain bachelor of our community in a few days by the presence of one of the best girls at his home.

The Presbyterian Church is completed and will be dedicated with appropriate services on next Sabbath.

Work has been begun on the new Baptist Church. Mr. Frank Stout, of Loudon, is the contractor and will complete the building by the first of January. The design is by Mr. C. Bruce, of your city, and is exceedingly handsome. The Presbyterians have kindly tendered the use of their new house to the Baptists for a portion of the time while their house is being built. This is right and should be imitated.

Dr. Breaker has just "gotten off" another of those remarkably pleasant "gatherings" of the Sunday School children, in which he so much delights. On yesterday the Baptist schools of Philadelphia and (old) Sweetwater met near Col. Bokum's residence, one mile from town, and spent one of the happiest days ever experienced by any children. Nothing occurred to mar the enjoyment of the occasion.

As a part of the "day's doings," it becomes necessary to chronicle a serious accident. A mule attached to a carriage, in which were Mr. Wm. Cannon, Miss Catherine Cannon and Miss Octavia Moore, became frightened while going down a hill and ran away, precipitating the whole party from the vehicle and injuring all of them more or less severely. Mr. Cannon, it is feared, is seriously hurt. Miss Moore escaped with a sprained ankle. Miss Moore is a cripple from rheumatism, and being unable to use her limbs, was badly bruised. It is hoped she has sustained no internal injury.

Greene County Items.

Though nothing of importance has transpired worthy of note for the past week or two, yet I thought a word or two written from Greene county would not interfere with the usual run of affairs. Our people are noted for their steady habits and strict to an economical point in business affairs. It is an impossibility to create a stir.

Politics in this county are peculiar, as there has not been anything to create it. The candidates for the different offices have not given us a call.

I noticed through the *Sentinel* that a number of the Republicans of the county intend to support Carter. Who they are is not known.

Our narrow gauge is being pushed forward with considerable rapidity, as I understand nearly three miles are graded. The Board of Directors are determined that the enterprise shall not fail, and they deserve great credit for what they have done, as they have had a great deal of opposition to content with. Some of the stockholders have refused to pay their installments, because the road did not pass by the points they had designated, and others that they will not pay until A. and B. are present. They are sorry to state, causes considerable doubts as to the success of this enterprise, but the board, with all their influences, are bound to carry the work forward, and those who wait on others and bring forward every hindrance shall feel the effects of a powerful influence.

Our farmers who are engaged in hauling iron from the furnaces are losing money by hauling iron. The prices paid do not justify them in the loss of time, horse flesh and the wear and tear of their rolling stock. The improvement of their lands and the development of the agricultural resources of the county would result in more actual wealth than hauling iron to Greeneville.

The farms within the vicinity of the furnaces have been neglected, as the supplies of flour and bacon for these furnaces come from St. Louis, Missouri. At the present time no surplus bacon can be found anywhere.

The grading on this road, I understand, is not going to exceed \$2,000 per mile, which is very light, taking into consideration the nature of the country over which it passes.

Farmers are busily engaged in preparing to sow wheat. A large area will be sown.

Political Discussion.

NEWPORT, TENN., Sept. 19. The citizens of this vicinity were entertained on yesterday by listening to a debate between our candidates, Hon. R. R. Butler and Wm. B. Carter, upon the political issues now pending. As their coming had been previously announced, there was a large gathering of both Republicans and Conservatives anxiously waiting to greet the speakers and listen to the discussion.

Hon. R. R. Butler commenced, speaking one hour and a half, in which he defended the acts of the administration and Congress, in a manner worthy of so true and loyal a cause by one both tried and trusted.

He was followed by Rev. Wm. B. Carter, who for the time laid aside his ministerial garb and commenced with saying that he had been told since he came into this vicinity that somebody had slandered him and the man that did it was an infamous liar, cracking his fists together with great vigor. He was so much excited he failed to tell how or when or by whom he had been slandered.

He attempted to define his position as he thought, claiming to have been a Union man in the war. He did not justify the course of the Union men however, since the freeing of the colored people. He thinks the President has no right to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* and denies the right of Congress to pass the *kuklux law*, considering it as unconstitutional. He argued that there is greater dissatisfaction now in the country than there was in 1860. Some of his own party were deceived in him, and says he has been overestimated.

R. R. Butler replied to him in a manner and with an effect that made glad the hearts of all true Union men giving them the assurance that the Republican canvass would lose nothing but gain much by such discussions. The strongest Conservatives said Butler was fifty votes stronger in this county in the evening than he had been in the morning.

THE NATIONAL CAMP MEETING.

Opening Exercises To-Day.

The National Camp Meeting which has been looked for some time past, and which has been talked for with so much interest, will open its exercises to-day, in a beautiful forest grove, on the farm of Mr. Arthur R. Crozier, four miles North of Knoxville, on the Knoxville and Ohio railroad. Quite a number of families moved in yesterday and occupied tents, in order to be ready for the great "feast of tabernacles" at the opening.

Among the distinguished arrivals from abroad, we note the names of Rev. Dr. Inskip, President of the National Camp Meeting Association, accompanied by Rev. Wm. McDonald, Rev. Dr. A. Lowery, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and a number of others, whose names we failed to get. Rev. Mr. Little, in company with Col. Robinson, of Indiana, have been here a day or two engaged in putting up tents and making other arrangements for the convenience of the worshippers.

We were on the grounds yesterday in the forenoon, and found about forty tents already up, while others were going up rapidly under the energetic management of Mr. Little and Col. Robinson, who were being assisted by Capt. Bearden and a number of our citizens.

Mr. Wheeler, who has taken charge of the large boarding tent, to which we have made allusion before, was also getting his "house in order," with a view of providing refreshments for the "inner man." He will leave nothing in his power undone, for the comfort of his guests.

The tents are put up in a square around the stand erected from which services are to be conducted. Four broad avenues separate the tents from seats provided for the worshippers. These avenues are named Inskip Avenue, Clark Avenue (in honor of the lamented Bishop Clark), Cookman Avenue, in honor of Rev. Alfred Cookman, formerly a member of the association, but who has been dead for more than a year (passing away almost like Elijah, without dying), and the remaining one McDonald Avenue, for Rev. Dr. McDonald, at present an active member of the association.

It is presumed that all the arrangements will be made by 2 p. m. to-day, when the first religious exercises will be held, so that no interruption need occur after that. More than fifty tents had been engaged yesterday morning, and the prospect is that the meeting will be largely attended.

THE COURTS.

United States Circuit Court.

ELVENTH DAY.

Court met yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, His Honor Judge Connally F. Trigg presiding. The following was among the business transacted:

James G. Deaderick was sworn as an attorney.

United States vs. Jno. Robinson; violation of revenue law; motion for new trial overruled and judgment of court suspended.

Daniel Miller & Co vs J. M. Rogers; defendant, judgment by default for \$655.00.

J. M. W. Deal; bill in equity; judgment pro confesso.

D. Kirkpatrick & Co vs Isaac P. Tice et al; bill in equity; demurrer overruled, with leave for defendant to answer.

Supreme Court.

Wm Peoples in error vs Wm Carroll; diminution of record suggested and certiorari awarded.

E. Knapp, adm'r, vs John L. Hardee et al; diminution of record suggested and certiorari awarded.

H. Myers & Cleveland, adm'r and adm'r vs W. N. B. Jones; writ of error allowed, defendant and complainants, by solicitor, waive service of notice of same.

B. F. Welker and wife vs Wm Henderson et al; motion by complainants that the appeal be dismissed, entered on the minutes.

J. H. Gregory vs John C. Vaughn; death of complainant suggested and admitted.

John G. English vs John G. King et al; diminution of the record suggested and certiorari awarded.

Sarah E. Major vs John S. Major et al; admitted in open court that the costs of this cause had been finally adjudicated by the Chancery Court of Knoxville, and that the decree pronounced by the court on July 27th, 1872, was far as the same adjudged costs against defendant, J. H. Myatt is void, thereupon J. H. Myatt dismisses his appeal in this court and agrees to pay the costs. Deceased by the court that J. H. Myatt and his heirs, by their attorney, pay to the costs accrued in this court and cause recommended to the Chancery Court of Knoxville county.

John Simmons, adm'r in error, vs John Ball, adm'r, &c.; on motion of plaintiff in error, a writ of error is allowed him.

What Greeley Thinks of Democrats.

Let the soldier understand that he is enrolled to fight a parcel of knaves, all liable to indictment, trial, sentence, and execution—men who have wickedly disturbed the peace of the world without provocation—men with whom no terms are to be made—Dick Turpins, who call them selves Generals, and Capt. Kyds, who call them selves commanders. A thief is a thief—a liar is a liar—a perjurer is a perjurer; AND EVERY SOUTHERN TRAITOR, WHO IS MORALLY RESPONSIBLE, IS ALL THREE TOGETHER! Pray, do not let us have any more talk about our "misguided Southern brethren!" There is one thing which Southern success cannot compass, and that is an oblation, in history and tradition, of the frauds, felonies and falsehoods with which the ignominious enterprise began. THESE TRAITORS ARE OUTSIDE THE WORLD'S RESPECT FOREVER. Neither in its inception nor in its progress has the thing been respectable. There has been too much vulgar dishonesty, like that of gamblers, footpads and pickpockets, about it.—Horace Greeley August 16, 1862.

"EXTERMINATE THE TRAITORS."

The people, whose Constitution and Union are at stake, will tolerate in their rulers anything necessary to preserve them. They will forgive them for doing almost any act tending to this end. But they will not excuse them for hesitation, timidity, blundering, nor, especially, for doing or not doing anything, especially for hesitating, or for even EXTERMINATING SOUTHERN TRAITORS, or of offending their secret conductors in the North, and their open apologists in the Southern States.—Horace Greeley, Sept. 4, 1862.

Agency for Hall's Safe and Lock Company and with an effect that made glad the hearts of all true Union men giving them the assurance that the Republican canvass would lose nothing but gain much by such discussions. The strongest Conservatives said Butler was fifty votes stronger in this county in the evening than he had been in the morning.

Blank Deeds.

We have on hand at the CHRONICLE office a few blank Warranty and Trust Deeds, on superior paper and printed in superior style.

Advertisements.

Are generally read at this season of the year.

DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal Service, U. S. Army.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Sept. 20, 1872.

Time of Observation.

Barometer corrected for altitude and temperature.

Thermometer.

Direction of Wind.

Force of Wind.

State of the Sky.

State of the Weather.

7 A. M. 30.28 47 45° N.E. 1 Clear.

2 P. M. 30.12 74 55° N. 4 "

4 P. M. 30.09 78 58° Calm. 0.00 "

WEATHER REPORT.

Wm. Dep't. Office Chief Signal Officer.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 20, 7:30 P. M., J. 1872.

Probabilities:

For the New England and Middle States on Saturday, clear weather and rising temperature with westerly and southerly winds over the former and southerly and southwesterly winds over the latter. For the South Atlantic States, clear weather. From Tennessee see to Lake Erie increasing southerly winds, cloudiness and probably threatening weather.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sale of Land.

Alexander Bishop et al vs Zion Bishop et al.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE OF THE COUNTY Court of Knox county, Tennessee, pronounced in the case of the September Term, 1872, I will offer at public sale at the court house door in Clinton, Anderson county, Tennessee, on the 14th day of October next, at 12 M., a tract of land in the 1st civil district of said county, adjoining the lands of Amos Demaree et al, about two miles north of Zion Hill Church, containing about one hundred acres. The sale will be made on a credit of one year, except one-fourth of the purchase money, which will be required on the day of sale. Notes of equal amount, at six per cent, being taken for the remainder, and a lien retained until the purchase money is fully paid.

J. S. A. BLANG, Clerk.

Medical.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

This unrivaled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all diseases of the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the Blood, stimulating the Liver, and restoring the system. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is acknowledged to have no equal.

LIVER MEDICINE.

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, viz: a gentle Cathartic, a wonderful Tonic, an unexceptionable Alternative and certain Corroborative of the body. Such signal success has attended its use, that it is now regarded as the

GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for Liver, Gall, and the painful offspring thereof, to-wit: DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SORE THROAT, Heart Burn, &c., &c. Regulate the Liver and prevent

CHILLS AND FEVER.

Simmons' Liver Regulator.

Is manufactured only by J. H. ZEILY & CO., Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.

Price, \$1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, \$1.25 prepared, ready for use, in bottles, \$1.50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Beware of all Counterfeits and Imitations.

For sale by T. C. HUNTER and E. J. SANFORD Co., Knoxville, Tenn.

TRACHER'S AND CHORISTER'S LIST OF THE NEWEST AND BEST MUSIC BOOKS.

!! THE STANDARD !!

Its success cannot be questioned. In beauty and variety of music unsurpassed. It should be a familiar friend in every Choir, Convention and Singing Class. Price \$1.50; \$1.25 per dozen.

! SPARKLING RUBIES !

Let all the Sabbath Schools try it. It's Sparkling Gems will be appreciated by every child. Price, 35 cents.

! HOUR OF SINGING !

For High Schools. Full of the best music, arranged in 2, 3, or 4 parts. Widely used. Price, \$1.00. Just Published.

Gems of Strauss.

225 large pages, full of the best Strauss Music. Price \$2.50.

! PILGRIM'S HARP !

A perfect Toccata in Parvo. Very large number of the best tunes for Social Religious meetings. Price 50 cents.